

person's employer under such section 4322(a)(1) if the person requested the leave of absence.

(C) For the purposes of calculating the cumulative length of service performed by a person referred to in this paragraph under section 4322(a)(2) of such title (as so added), any service in the uniformed services (other than service referred to in section 4322(c) of such title (as so added)) shall be included.

(3) ALTERNATIVE REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—A person referred to in paragraph (1) shall report to work in accordance with the provisions of section 2024(d) of title 38, United States Code, in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) SPECIAL RULE FOR APPLICABILITY OF INSURANCE PROVISIONS.—Notwithstanding subsections (a)(2) and (b)(2), a person referred to in such subsections shall be covered by the provisions of section 2021(b)(1) of title 38, United States Code (relating to insurance benefits), in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act until the person has received notice of the provisions of section 4324(c) of such title (as added by section 2(a) of this Act) and has had a reasonable opportunity to elect to be covered by the provisions of such section 4324(c) (as so added). If such an election is made, insurance coverage may remain in effect for the remaining portion of the 18-month period that began on the date of such person's separation from civilian employment.

(d) REEMPLOYMENT OF DISABLED PERSONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 4323(a)(3) of chapter 43 of title 38, United States Code (as added by section 2(a) of this Act) shall apply to reemployments initiated on or after August 1, 1990.

(2) REPEAL.—(A) Effective as of August 1, 1990, section 2027 of title 38, United States Code (as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act), is repealed.

(B) Effective as of August 1, 1990, the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 43 of such title (as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act) is amended by striking out the item relating to section 2027.

(e) DISCRIMINATION.—The provisions of section 4321(c) of title 38, United States Code (as added by section 2(a) of this Act) and the provisions of subchapters III and IV of such title (as so added), shall become effective on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(f) EMPLOYEE PENSION BENEFIT PLAN.—Section 4325 of title 38, United States Code (as amended by section 2(a) of this Act), shall apply to reemployment initiated on or after August 1, 1990.

(g) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the provisions of this Act and the amendments made by this Act do not effect rights, benefits, and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before the effective date of the pertinent provision of this Act.

(h) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this section, the term "service in the uniformed services" shall have the meaning given such term in section 4303(12) of title 38, United States Code (as added by section 2(a) of this Act).

On motion of Mr. MONTGOMERY, said Senate amendment to the title of the bill was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the votes whereby said Senate amendment to the text was agreed to with an amendment and the amendment to the title was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said amendment.

#### ¶121.71 THOMAS PAINE MEMORIAL

On motion of Mr. GEJDENSON, by unanimous consent, the Committee on House Administration was discharged from further consideration of the bill (H.R. 6165) to amend certain provisions of law relating to establishment, in the District of Columbia or its environs, of a memorial to honor Thomas Paine.

When said bill was considered, read twice, ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read a third time by title, and passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

#### ¶121.72 SITUATION IN SUDAN

On motion of Mr. GEJDENSON, by unanimous consent, the Committee on Foreign Affairs was discharged from further consideration of the following concurrent resolution of the Senate (S. Con. Res. 140):

Whereas the Government of Sudan engages in a consistent pattern of gross violations of internationally recognized human rights;

Whereas Sudanese military forces and the resistance movement, the Sudan Peoples' Liberation Army, are currently engaged in a battle for the southern capital of Juba without regard for the welfare of its civilian population, some 300,000 of whom are existing only on the intermittent provision of relief supplies;

Whereas the Government of Sudan is engaging in gross abuses of human rights elsewhere in the country, including a campaign of forced displacement of tens of thousands of Nuba from their ancestral homes in southern Kordofan Province, the destruction of Nuba villages, and the killing of hundreds of civilians;

Whereas the Government of Sudan has undertaken a cruel campaign to relocate some 500,000 internally displaced southerners and westerners from the outskirts of Khartoum to inhospitable camps far from the city, has announced plans to relocate an additional 250,000 in the coming months, and inhibited many international relief agencies from aiding the displaced;

Whereas the Government of Sudan has systematically harassed international relief agencies and workers whose only objective is to reduce suffering among Sudanese citizens in need;

Whereas the Government of Sudan is engaging in the imprisonment, torture, and execution of suspected dissidents across the country; and

Whereas, in September 1992, the Government of Sudan executed in Juba one and possibly two employees of the United States Agency for International Development after trials in which the victims had no possibility of appropriate counsel or appeal: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),*

(1) condemns the egregious human rights abuses by the Government of Sudan and calls upon the Government of Sudan to cease its abuses of internationally recognized human rights and specifically—

(A) to allow free movement for all civilians who wish to leave the southern city of Juba and to cease the human rights abuses, including summary executions, of those civilians held against their will in Juba;

(B) to allow unrestricted and unconditional access for the International Committee of the Red Cross, United States officials, and

other relief organizations to all parts of the country, including Juba;

(C) to guarantee the personal safety and security of all relief workers, including Sudanese employees of relief agencies working in Sudan;

(D) to provide a full accounting of the recent deaths of employees of the United States Agency for International Development in Juba;

(E) to cease its violent campaign of forced displacement of the Nuba people of Kordofan Province and the displaced people from Khartoum, to permit a greater number of international relief organizations to attend to their needs, and to initiate a process for just settlement of claims of those who have been relocated and whose homes and belongings have been destroyed;

(F) to permit international human rights groups to visit all areas of Sudan, including places of detention and displaced persons camps; and

(G) to lift the ban on the institutions of independent civil society such as the press and labor unions, and to restore freedom of speech and expression;

(2) calls upon the Sudan Peoples' Liberation Army to end its human rights abuses and interference with relief efforts; and

(3) calls upon the President to work with United Nations Secretary General Boutros Boutros-Ghali to convene a Security Council meeting to discuss the human rights situation in Sudan and to consider further international means, including within the United Nations system, to ameliorate the humanitarian situation in Sudan.

When said concurrent resolution was considered and agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said concurrent resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

*Ordered*, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

#### ¶121.73 U.S. PARTICIPATION—CASCADIA CORRIDOR

On motion of Mr. GEJDENSON, by unanimous consent, the Committee on Foreign Affairs was discharged from further consideration of the following concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 383):

*Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),*

SECTION 1. It is the sense of Congress that:

(a) CASCADIA CORRIDOR COMMISSION.—The United States should continue negotiations with the Government of Canada and State, provincial, and local governments in the urbanized Cascadia corridor along Interstate 5/ Highway 99 from Vancouver, British Columbia (including Vancouver Island), to Eugene, Oregon, in order to establish a commission to—

(1) act as a forum to coordinate consideration of regional issues in the Cascadia area by representatives from the private sector, nonprofit organizations, and local, State, provincial, regional, and national governments;

(2) develop a strategy for environmentally sound economic development in the Cascadia region which includes consideration of environmental issues, urban development, transportation, communications, and education; and

(3) submit a plan, developed by the commission and incorporating such strategy, to the Congress, the Canadian Parliament, the legislature of British Columbia, and the State legislatures of Oregon and Washington.

(b) ADVISORY COMMISSION.—The commission should be authorized to function only in